| 1<br>2 | STATE OF CALIFORNIA<br>Department of Industrial Relations<br>Division of Labor Standards Enforcement |   |  |
|--------|--|---|--|
|        | 2031 Howe Avenue, Suite 100  |   |  |
| 3      | Sacramento, California 95825<br>Telephone: (916) 263-2918  | •   |  |
| 4      | Fax: (916) 263-2920  | · ·   |  |
| 5      | JAMES E. OSTERDAY, State Bar No. 189404<br>Attorney for the Labor Commissioner                       |   |  |
| 6      |  |   |  |
| 7      |  |   |  |
| 8      | BEFORE THE LABOR COMMISSIONER  |   |  |
| 9      | STATE OF CALIFORNIA  |   |  |
| 10     | MARIE BROOKES, as guardian ad litem for ISAIAH BROOKES, a minor                                      | ) NO. TAC 08-07                                 |  |
| 11     | ISAIAH DROOKES, a minor  |   |  |
| 12     | Petitioners,   | )<br>DETERMINATION OF                           |  |
| 13     | VS.  | ) CONTROVERSY                                   |  |
| 14     | UNIQUE ARTISTS;  | )   |  |
| 1-5    | KARÈN SEWELL;<br>KARE' N MANAGEMENT,   | )   |  |
| 16     | Respondent.  | )<br>)  |  |
| 17     | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  | /   |  |
| 1.8    | The above-captioned matter, a Petition to Determine Controversy under Labor Code section             |   |  |
| 19     | 1700.44, came on regularly for hearing on September 26, 2007 in Los Angeles, California, before the  |   |  |
| 20     | undersigned attorney for the Labor Commissioner assigned to hear this case. Petitioner, MARIE        |   |  |
| 21     | BROOKES, as guardian ad litem for ISAIAH BROOKES, a minor, (hereinafter, "Petitioners"),             |   |  |
| 22     | appeared in propria persona. UNIQUE ARTISTS; KAREN SEWELL; KARE'N MANAGEMENT,                        |   |  |
| 23     | (hereinafter, "Respondent"), who was properly served with the Petition and Notice of Hearing, failed |   |  |
| 24     | to answer said Petition and failed to appear at this Hearing.  |   |  |
| 25     | Petitioners allege that Respondent acted i   | n the capacity of a talent agency without being |  |
| 26     | licensed as required by the laws of the State of California. Petitioners also allege that Respondent |   |  |
| 27     | unlawfully withheld funds generated by employment services rendered by Petitioner, ISAIAH            |   |  |
| 28     | BROOKES. Petitioners seek Determination of the   | e California Labor Codes and California Code of |  |
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Regulations that were violated, if any, by Respondent and payment of sums owed, plus interest and expenses.

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Based on the evidence presented, the Labor Commissioner hereby adopts the following
decision.

## **FINDINGS OF FACT**

1. Petitioner, ISAIAH BROOKES, is an actor who performed in commercials that generated payments from third parties in 2006.

8 2. The Division of Labor Standards Enforcement's Licensing & Registration Unit shows
9 that Respondent was not licensed as a talent agent with the State of California for a period of the time
10 out of which this dispute arises. At all times relevant, Respondent has been a resident of the State of
11 California.

3. The parties entered into a personal management agreement, (hereinafter, 12 13 "Agreement"), on February 9, 2004 for a period of one year. A provision of the Agreement stated, 14 "This Agreement shall automatically renewed for each year thereafter for one year, unless one of the 15 parties provides written notice to the contrary within thirty days prior to the anniversary date of renewal." Pursuant to the Agreement, Respondent agreed to provide the following services: manage, 16 17 guide, advise, direct, and promote the professional career of the client. The Agreement authorized 18 Respondent to process client's compensation by, but not limited to, receiving, endorsing, and 19 depositing all payments and deducting a sum equal to fifteen percent and forwarding the remainder 20 to client.

4. Further, in exchange for Respondent's agreement to provide the aforementioned
 services, Petitioner agreed to pay Respondent a fee in the sum equal to fifteen percent of all things of
 value received by the client directly or indirectly as compensation for the client's professional services
 rendered during the term of this contract, and any extensions, renewals, modifications, or substitutions
 thereof.

5. In approximately August 2006, Petitioners received information that Respondent had
received several payments for work-performed by Petitioner, ISAIAH BROOKES. Although this was,
in part, consistent with the Agreement which allowed the Respondent to receive such payments and

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deduct a sum equal to fifteen percent, to date the Respondent has failed to forward the remainder to the Petitioners, except monies earned for the first three appearances. The Petitioners were not aware of the exact amount Respondent retained until approximately December of 2006 when they received an accounting from an independent source. The documentation substantiates that the Respondent has been in possession of twelve payments or checks since approximately September 15, 2006 and has failed, to date, to forward these payments to the Petitioners (except a, b, and c). The payments in question arise out of Petitioner's work performed in commercials for Kraft and are as follows:

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| THIRD PARTY | DATE OF PAYMENT FROM THIRD<br>PARTY | PAYMENT FROM THIRD PARTY |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| a. Kraft    | 5/25/06                             | \$112.541                |
| b. Kraft    | 6/28/06                             | \$285.221                |
| c. Kraft    | 7/5/06                              | \$14.411                 |
| d. Kraft    | 7/5/06                              | \$1,749.16               |
| e. Kraft    | 7/20/06                             | \$1,068.13               |
| f. Kraft    | 8/3/06                              | \$194.37                 |
| g. Kraft    |                                     | \$194.36                 |
| h. Kraft    | 8/7/06                              | \$343.47                 |
| i. Kraft    | 8/25/06                             | \$129.56                 |
| j. Kraft    | 8/25/06                             | \$129.59                 |
| k. Kraft    | 9/5/06                              | \$93.14                  |
| l. Kraft    | 9/5/06                              | \$108.66                 |
|             |                                     |                          |
|             | TOTAL                               | \$4,422.61               |
|             |                                     |                          |

<sup>1</sup> The figure represents 15% commission withheld by Respondent, noted for purposes of disgorgement. All other funds associated with the payment has been received by Petitioners.

DETERMINATION OF CONTROVERSY

6. In November of 2006, Respondent admitted to Marie Brookes, Petitioner, that she had 1 2 received the payments in question and intended to forward them to the Petitioners. Subsequent to 3 Respondent's admission of receipt of said payments, Respondent acknowledged the same in telephone conversations with Jeremiah Doryon and Carol Lynn. 4 5 7. Respondent sent an email to Petitioner November 14, 2006 regarding the funds in question. The Respondent's email stated: 6 "Am trying to get things done between putting out fires, etc. Thanks 7 again for the reminder...I will tell you when they go out!" 8 9 The "subject" of the email was in regard to the checks for ISAIAH BROOKES and Xavier Brookes. 10 Xavier Brookes is the brother of ISAIAH BROOKES and is not a party to this action. 11 8. Petitioner sent approximately eight follow-up emails to Respondent in the month of 12 December 2006 which resulted in one response from Respondent stating: "Sorry didn't answer yesterday. My mom back in hospital and outlook not good. I except [sic] to be caught up with everything by the  $1^{st}$  of 13 the year and apologize for the delay. Thanks. K" 14 Respondent's procurement-activity-included a-notice, by-way of email, to Petitioners-15 .9. 16 on August 16, 2006 advising Petitioner that Respondent had solicited an audition for Petitioner. 17 ISAIAH BROOKES. The procurement effort was for a mail order catalog shoot. The email stated: "Here are some more auditions for you." 18 19 10. The Respondent did not have a talent agency license at the time of the procurements 20 or attempted procurements. LEGAL ANALYSIS 21 22 1. The Labor Commissioner has jurisdiction to hear and determine this controversy 23 pursuant to Labor Code section 1700.44(a). 24 Labor Code section 1700.4(b) includes "actors and models" within the definition of 2. 25 "artists" for purposes of the Talent Agencies Act (Labor Code sections 1700-1700.47). Petitioner, 26 who performed in commercials and worked or attempted to work as a model, is an "artist" within the 27 meaning of Labor Code section 1700.4(b). 28

3. Labor Code section 1700.4(a) defines a "talent agency" as any person or corporation "who engages in the occupation of procuring, offering, promising, or attempting to procure employment or engagements for an artist." In *Brad Waisbren vs. Peppercorn Productions, Inc., et al*, 41 Cal.App.4th 246, the Court stated, "The Talent Agencies Act (Labor Code sections 1700-1700.47), is entirely consistent with the process of dual occupations, i.e., being a personal manager and a talent agent, and a license was required even though Plaintiff spent only an incidental part of his time procuring employment for Defendant." In the instant case Respondent sent an email to the Petitioners which establishes that the Respondent procured or attempted to procure modeling employment for the Petitioner.

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"The Talent Agency Act is a remedial statute that must be liberally construed to promote its general objective, the protection of artists seeking professional employment." *Buchwald v. Superior Court* (1967) 254 Cal.App.2d 347, 354. "The weight of authority is that even the incidental or occasional provision of such services requires licensure." *Styne v. Stevens* (2001) 26 Cal.4th 42; *Park v. Deftones* (1999) 71 Cal.App.4th 1465; *Waisbren, supra*, 41 Cal.App.4th 246; *Wachs v. Curry* (1993) 13 Cal.App.4th 616. The evidence leads to the conclusion that Respondent attempted to procure and did procure employment for the Petitioner with third parties.

The Petitioners alleged and subsequently met Petitioner's burden establishing that Respondent violated the Talent Agency Act by procuring or attempting to procure employment with a third party, thereby acting as a "talent agency" without the requisite license.

20 4. "An agreement that violates the licensing requirement of the Talent Agency Act is 21 illegal and unenforceable. . " Waisbren, supra. "Since the clear object of the act is to prevent 22 improper persons from becoming [talent agents] and to regulate such activity for the protection of 23 the [artist], a contract between an unlicensed [agent] and [an] artist is void." Buchwald, supra. 24 Having determined that a person or business entity procured, promised or attempted to procure 25 employment for an artist without the requisite talent agency license, "the [Labor] Commissioner may 26 declare the contract [between the unlicensed agent and artist] void and unenforceable as involving 27 the services of an unlicensed person in violation of the Act." Styne, supra. Moreover, the artist that 28 is party to such an agreement may seek disgorgement of amounts paid pursuant to the agreement, and

## DETERMINATION OF CONTROVERSY

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"may . . . [be] entitle[d] . . . to restitution of all fees paid the agent." *Wachs, supra* . Under the facts of this case, the finding is that the Agreement is void *ab initio*, became void once Respondent procured or attempted to procure employment for Petitioner, and is void as to all prior and subsequent commissions paid, subject to the one year statute of limitations. Disgorgement of all amounts within the one year statute of limitations, as outlined on Page 3, is an appropriate remedy.

5. The Respondent must disgorge to Petitioner all amounts any third party paid to the
Respondent within the one year statute of limitations for services rendered by Petitioner; the
Respondent is not entitled to retain any part as a fee or commission; and, in accordance with
California Civil Code sections 3287 and 3289 and Labor Code section 1700.25<sup>2</sup>, the Petitioner is
entitled to interest on the funds at the rate of ten percent (10%) per annum from the date the funds
were received by the Respondent.

12 6. Therefore, Respondent must pay Petitioner \$4,422.61 plus interest as of March 5, 2008
13 in the amount of \$722.09 based on a rate of ten percent (10%) per annum. Further, Respondent is
14 liable for interest at a daily rate of \$1.40 accruing from March 6, 2208.

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<sup>2</sup> Labor Code section 1700.25. (a) A licensee who receives any payment of funds on behalf of an artist shall immediately deposit that 22 amount in a trust fund account maintained by him or her in a bank or other recognized depository. The funds, less the licensee's commission, shall be disbursed to the artist within 30 days after receipt. However, notwithstanding the preceding sentence, the licensee 23 may retain the funds beyond 30 days of receipt in either of the following circumstances: (1) To the extent necessary to offset an obligation of the artist to the talent agency that is then due and owing. (2) When the funds are the subject of a controversy pending before the Labor Commissioner under Section 1700.44 concerning a fee alleged to be owed by the artist to the licensee. (b) A separate 24 record shall be maintained of all funds received on behalf of an artist and the record shall further indicate the disposition of the funds. (c) If disputed by the artist and the dispute is referred to the Labor Commissioner, the failure of a licensee to disburse funds to an artist 25 within 30 days of receipt shall constitute a "controversy" within the meaning of Section 1700.44. (d) Any funds specified in subdivision (a) that are the subject of a controversy pending before the Labor Commissioner under Section 1700.44 shall be retained in the trust 26 fund account specified in subdivision (a) and shall not be used by the licensee for any purpose until the controversy is determined by the Labor Commissioner or settled by the parties. (e) If the Labor Commissioner finds, in proceedings under Section 1700.44, that the licensee's failure to disburse funds to an artist within the time required by subdivision (a) was a willful violation, the Labor 27 Commissioner may, in addition to other relief under Section 1700.44, order the following: (1) Award reasonable attorney's fees to the prevailing artist. (2) Award interest to the prevailing artist on the funds wrongfully withheld at the rate of 10 percent per annum during 28 the period of the violation. (f) Nothing in subdivision (c), (d), or (e) shall be deemed to supersede Section 1700.45 or to affect the enforceability of a contractual arbitration provision meeting the criteria of Section 1700.45.

## DETERMINATION OF CONTROVERSY

| 1   | <u>ORDER</u>  |
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| 2   | For the reasons set forth above, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that:   |
| 3   | 1. The Agreement entered into on February 9, 2004 between Petitioners and                                     |
| 4   | Respondent is void <i>ab initio</i> , and Respondent has no enforceable right thereunder, and is not entitled |
| 5   | to any commissions or other amounts purportedly owed;   |
| 6   | 2. Petitioners are awarded all amounts withheld by Respondent subject to the statute of                       |
| 7   | limitations or \$4,422.61;  |
| 8   | 3. Respondent is ordered to pay interest in the amount of \$722.09; and                                       |
| . 9 | 4. Respondent is additionally ordered to pay daily interest in the amount of \$1.40,                          |
| 10  | accruing from March 6, 2008.  |
| 11  |   |
| 12  | Dated: $\frac{3/19/08}{JAMES E. OSTERDAY}$  |
| 13  | Attorney for the Labor Commissioner   |
| 14  |   |
|     | ADOPTED AS THE DETERMINATION OF THE LABOR COMMISSIONER  |
| 16  | shiller had a most  |
| 17  | Dated: SMU AV<br>ANGELA BRADSTREET  |
|     | State Labor Commissioner  |
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|     | 7<br>DETERMINATION OF CONTROVERSY   |

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